

Focus Report
New Chemicals Program
PMN Number: **P-04-0463**

Focus Date: 04/12/2004 01:00:00 AM Report Status: Completed
Consolidated Set:
Focus Chair: A. Binder Contractor: HAH

I. Notice Information

Submitter: WSP Chemicals & Technology, LLC CAS Number:
Chemical Name: 2-PROPENOIC ACID, 2-METHYL-, 2-(DIMETHYLAMINO)ETHYL ESTER,
HOMOPOLYMER, COMPD. WITH 1-BROMOHEXADECANE*

Use: Oilfield down hole applications
Other Uses: Awaiting ISIS Entry
PV-Max: 11,000 Kg/yr
Manufacture: X Import:

Production Volume other information:

II. SAT Results

(1) Health Rating: 1-2 Eco Rating: 3 Comments: ;

Additional SAT information:

Occupational: NR Non-Occupational: - Environmental:

| (1) PBT: | Comments: |
|---|---------------------|
| Awaiting Fate Entry Awaiting Fate Entry Awaiting Human Health Entry | Awaiting Fate Entry |
| Awaiting Fate Entry Awaiting Fate Entry Awaiting Human Health Entry | Awaiting Fate Entry |
| Awaiting Fate Entry Awaiting Fate Entry Awaiting Human Health Entry | Awaiting Fate Entry |

III. OTHER FACTORS

Categories:

Health Chemical Category: Ecotox SAR and ; Polycationic Polymers,
TSCA New
Chemical
Category:

Related Cases/Regulatory History:

Health related Cases:

Ecotox Related Cases:

Regulatory History:

MSDS/Label Information:

MSDS: No

Exposure Based Information:

| | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Exposure Based Review: | Exposure Based Review (Health): |
| Exposure Based Review (Eco): | Exposure Based (Occupational): No |
| Exposure Based Review (Non Occupational): | Exposure Based (Environmental): |

IV. Summary of SAT Assessment

Legacy SAT assessment: CASE NUMBER: P04-0463

FATE: MW < 100 000 with <1% < 1000 and <1% < 500 with amine FGEW = 157 = 8.9% amine-N (worst case) and <5% Br solid with mp = unk °C (P)

S = complete (MSDS), fully soluble (PMN), dispersible at pH 7 (RAD)

vp < 1.0E-6 mm Hg or torr at 25 °C (P)

bp > 500 °C (P)

H < 1.0E-8 (P)

log Koc > 4.5 (P)

log fish BCF = 0.50 (P)

POTW removal = 90 to 99% via sorption

time for complete ultimate aerobic biodegradation > months

sorption to soils and sediments = very strong

PBT Potential: P3B1T1

HEALTH: Absorption nil all routes based on physical/chemical properties;

concern for lung overload based on MW and cationic binding with lung membranes based on N FGEW = 157;

concern for irritation to mucous membranes and eyes based on amines;

concerns for the Br salt are liver toxicity and neurotoxicity but the Br salt is less than 5% of PMN substance;

low to moderate concern for toxicity;

ECOTOX: Predicted (P) and measured (M) toxicity values in mg/L (ppm) are:

fish 96-h LC50 = 0.280 P TOC 2

daphnid 48-h LC50 = 0.100 P TOC 2

green algal 96-h EC50 = 0.040 P TOC 2

fish chronic value = 0.020 P TOC 2

daphnid ChV = 0.007 P TOC 2

algal ChV = 0.020 P TOC 2

Predictions are based on SARs for polycationic polymers with 8.9% amine-N; SAR chemical class = polymer-cationic-8.9% amine-N; MW > 100 000 with <1% < 1000 and <1% < 500; pH7; effective concentrations based on 100% active ingredients and nominal concentrations; hardness < 150.0 mg/L as CaCO₃; and TOC < 2.0 mg/L;

high concern for acute toxicity in water with TOC < 2.0 mg/L;

mitigation of toxicity expected in the presence of 10 mg TOC/L, i.e., ≥ 100 times;

low concern for environmental risk at TOC = 10 mg/L;

assessment factor = 10.0

concern concentration ≥ 1.0 mg/L (ppm) with mitigation due to 10 mg TOC/L;

Fate:

Fate Summary:

Health:

Health Summary:

Ecotox:

Ecotox Values:

Fish 96-h LC50:

Daphnid 48-h LC50:

Green algal 96-h EC50:

Fish Chronic Value:

Daphnid ChV:

Algal ChV:

Ecotox Factors:

Assessment Factor:

Concern Concentration:

- Acute Value

Concern Concentration:

- Chronic Value

Legacy summary of exposures and releases:

V. Summary of Exposures/Releases

Engineering Summary:

| | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Exposures/Releases | | | |
| Scenario | | | |
| Sites | | | |
| Media | | | |
| Descriptor A | | | |
| Quantity A (kg/site/day) | | | |
| Frequency A (day/year) | | | |
| Descriptor B | | | |
| Quantity B (kg/site/day) | | | |
| Frequency B (day/year) | | | |
| From | | | |
| Workers | | | |
| Exposure Type | | | |

VI. Focus Decision and Rationale

Regulatory Actions

Regulatory Decision: Drop

Decision Date: 04/12/2004

Type of Decision:

Rationale: P04-0463 was dropped from further review. Potential risks to human health were addressed by negligible inhalation exposures. Although concerns were high, potential risks to the environment were low based on no expected releases to water. This was a CEB D3 Drop.

P2 Rec Comments:

Testing:

Final Recommended:

Health:

Eco:

Fate:

Other:

STRUCTURE ACTIVITY TEAM REPORT ver. 04/98

Case #: P-04-0463

DCN:

SAT Date: 4/2/2004

SAT Chair: V. Nabholz

Submitter: WSP Chemicals and Technology, LLC

Chemical Name:

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(dimethylamino)ethyl ester, homopolymer, compd. with 1-bromohexadecane

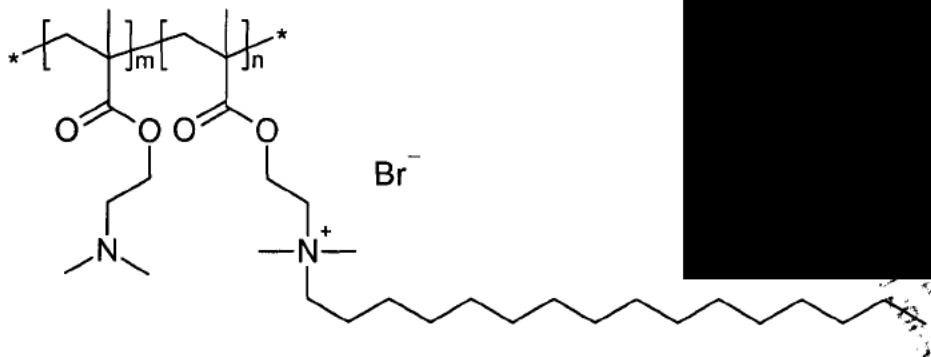
CAS RN:

88677-76-3

Trade Name:

HPT-1; FDP-W658

Structure



Molecular Formula:

 $C_{32}H_{63}BrN_2O_4$

Molecular Wt. 100000

WT%<500:

0.50

WT%<1000:

0.50

MP:

BP:

Eq. Wt:

H2O Sol (g/L):

<0.000001

V.P.

<0.000001

Max. Prod. Volume (kg/yr):

11000

Physical State:

Solid

USE:

Thickener used in oil-field down hole application.

Anal. [redacted] and [redacted] are used as oil-field production aids. They increase the ratio of crude oil to produced water. They are injected into the underground oil-producing formation where they adhere to the rock. The presence of the polymers in the rock fissures allow the oil to pass, but retard the passage of water. This improves the efficiency of the oil well and reduces the amount of waste water that must be separated and re-injected underground.

| Related Case Numbers | Case Role | Related Case Numbers | Case Role |
|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Focus

Date: APR 12 2004

Results:

DROP

Page 1 of 6



STRUCTURE ACTIVITY TEAM REPORT 02 April 2004

CASE NUMBER: P04-0463

RELATED CASES:

CONCLUSIONS/DISCUSSIONS

TYPE OF CONCERN: HEALTH ECOTOX

LEVEL: 1-2 3

KEYWORDS: LUNG, IRR-E,MM, AQUATOX-A,C

SUMMARY OF ASSESSMENT:

FATE: MW<100 000 with <1% <1000 and <1% <500 with amine FGEW = 157 = 8.9% amine-N (worst case) and <5% Br solid with mp = unk °C (P)

S = complete (MSDS), fully soluble (PMN), dispersible at pH 7 (RAD)

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bp > 500 °C (P)

H < 1.0E-8 (P)

log Koc > 4.5 (P)

log fish BCF = 0.50 (P)

POTW removal = 90 to 99% via sorption

time for complete ultimate aerobic biodegradation > months

sorption to soils and sediments = very strong

PBT Potential: P3B1T1

*CEB FATE: migration to ground water = negligible

HEALTH: Absorption nil all routes based on physical/chemical properties;

concern for lung overload based on MW and cationic binding with lung membranes based on N FGEW = 157;

concern for irritation to mucous membranes and eyes based on amines;

concerns for the Br salt are liver toxicity and neurotoxicity but the Br salt is less than 5% of PMN substance;

low to moderate concern for toxicity;

*CEB HEALTH: Exposures to humans: inhalation

ECOTOX: Predicted (P) and measured (M) toxicity values in mg/L (ppm) are:

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daphnid 48-h LC50 = 0.100 P TOC 2

green algal 96-h EC50 = 0.040 P TOC 2

fish chronic value = 0.020 P TOC 2

daphnid ChV = 0.007 P TOC 2

algal ChV = 0.020 P TOC 2

Predictions are based on SARs for polycationic polymers with 8.9%

amine-N; SAR chemical class = polymer-cationic-8.9% amine-N;
MW>100 000 with <1% <1000 and <1% <500; pH7; effective
concentrations based on 100% active ingredients and nominal
concentrations; hardness <150.0 mg/L as CaCO₃; and TOC <2.0
mg/L;
high concern for acute toxicity in water with TOC<2.0 mg/L;
mitigation of toxicity expected in the presence of 10 mg TOC/L,
i.e., >= 100 times;
low concern for environmental risk at TOC = 10 mg/L;
assessment factor = 10.0
concern concentration >= 1.0 mg/L (ppm) with mitigation due to
10 mg TOC/L;
*CEB ECOTOX: No releases to water

SAT Co-chair: Vince Nabholz, 564.8909

GTOX Report

PMN No.
P-04-0463

CAS No.
88677-76-3

Rcvd:
03/24/04

OECD
Incomplet

ID: Rec# 5 : 122

S/A
S Name of Analog

Reviewer
NSH

with activation

without activation

Positive Strains

Salmonella Assay:

☐☐

CHO:

☐☐

Chromosomal Aberration

CHL:

☐☐

V79:

☐☐

E. coli Reverse Mutation:

☐☐

Mouse Micronucleus Assay:

Route:

☐

Rat Hepatocytes Unscheduled DNA Synthesis:

☐

Other GTOX Results

Comments

ECOTOX:

☐

Fate:

WS/Log P:

Fully soluble @ 25 C, p.22 (complete, MSDS, p.15).

NCSAB SAT REPORT

PMN:

P-04-0463

CAS RN:

88677-76-3

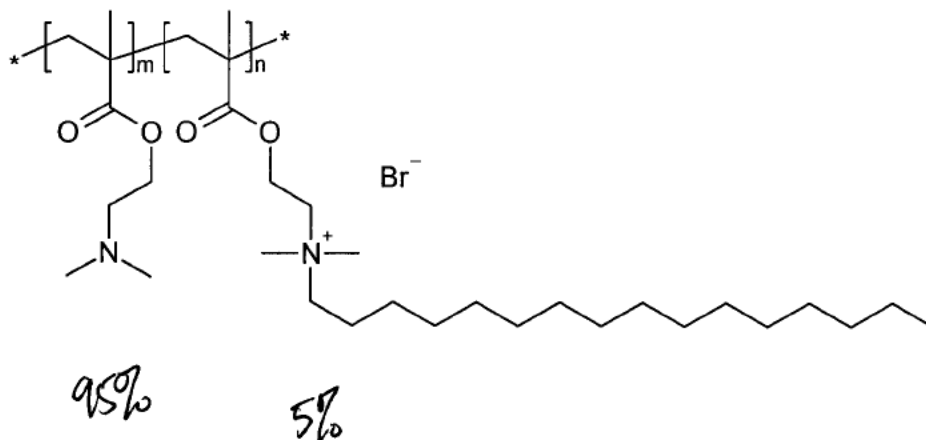
Chemical Name:

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(dimethylamino)ethyl ester, homopolymer, compd.
with 1-bromohexadecane

Analog:

Production Volume:

Structure:



Jellison (PMA)

Use: Emulsifier used in oil-field down hole application.

Analog P-03-0315 and P-03-0316 are used as oil-field production aids. They increase the ratio of crude oil to produced water. They are injected into the underground oil-producing formation where they adhere to the rock. The presence of the polymers in the rock fissures allow the oil to pass, but retard the passage of water. This improves the efficiency of the oil well and reduces the amount of waste water that must be separated and

Formula:

 $C_{32}H_{63}BrN_2O_4$ Eq Wt: 157 \Rightarrow 8.92% a-N (worst case)

Mol Weight:

>100,000

619.77

Wt% < 500:

0.50

Wt% < 1000

0.50

MP:

BP:

VP:

<0.000001

H₂O Sol (g/L):

Complete K50

<0.000001

Physical State:

Solid

Log P:

Endpoint (mg/L)

Est. Value

Meas. Value

Comments

Fish 96-h

0.28

Daphnid 48-h

0.10

Algal 96-h

0.040

Fish ChV

0.016

Daphnid ChV

0.007

Algal ChV

0.020

BCF

CHEMICAL CLASS:

SAR:

polymer - CAT - Q - N -

ECOTOX CONCERN

(H)

M

L

CONCERN CONCENTRATION

DATE

4/2/04

ASSESSOR: